OFFICER: Stephen Belli (01935) 462464

APPL.NO: 05/00661/OUT APPLICATION TYPE: Outline Application

PARISH: Crewkerne WARD: CREWKERNE TOWN

DESCRIPTION: Comprehensive mixed use development for 525 dwellings, employment (B1, B2, B8) primary school, community facilities, playing fields, parkland, P.O.S., structural landscaping and associated infrastructure including link road and highway improvements. GR (345354/109767)

LOCATION: Crewkerne Key Site 1 Land East of Crewkerne between A30 (Yeovil Road) and A356

(Dorchester Road) Crewkerne Somerset TA18 7HE

APPLICANT: George Wimpey UK Ltd DATE ACCEPTED: 5 May 2005

INTRODUCTION

This report is set out as a standard Committee report but with the full details of all consultee comments, and a full list of polices set out in a separate Appendices. In addition the application form and original covering letter submitted in May 2005 are also included in the Appendices as set out below. A short summary of consultation responses and neighbour responses will be included in the body of this report. Selected plans and letters from the applicant with regard to the rebuttal of comments received and sustainable transport links are also provided in Appendix A as these will help Members to be aware of all the relevant considerations.

Appendix A – Application form, masterplan, covering letter and supporting information.

Appendix B – Extracts of all national and local policies relevant to this application

Appendix C – Copy of all relevant internal consultee comments (SSDC)

Appendix D – Copy of all relevant external consultee comments.

Members will recall that prior to the submission of this application an Enquiry by Design workshop was held in the town over a period of one week (March 2005) facilitated by the Princes Foundation. The workshop was attended by representatives of the town as well as the principal officers from all the relevant local authorities that would have an input into the proposal. SSDC was represented by the Planning Team Leader, Conservation Manager, Area West Conservation Officer, Landscape Architect, Housing Officer, Ecologist and Rights of Way Officer.

The results of the workshop informed the submission of the application and led to the production of a Design Code, which has been included in the application. That document is some 40 pages in length and so has not been included with this report. However, the document received on 27 January 2006 has been included on the Council's website and is therefore available for Members consideration prior to the meeting. (Please see entry under miscellaneous supporting information in documents list).

In addition to the above documents the application was the subject of an Environmental Impact Assessment as a Schedule 2 application under the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations. These documents are lengthy and are available for inspection either at the Council Offices or its website. To assist in the consideration of these documents Members are referred to the executive summary contained under the heading PL Statement in the web site documents list. This gives a digestible summary of the relevant factors taken into account by the developers.

PROCESS OF DECISION MAKING

This application is presented to Committee for a formal resolution. If the resolution is to permit the application subject to a legal obligation under Section 106 of the Town and Country Planning Act (as amended) and appropriate conditions, then the next stage will be to refer the application and all the relevant documents to the Government Office for the South West (GOSW).

Whilst GOSW consider the application further discussions will be held with officers and the relevant portfolio holder Members to consider the apportionment of Planning Gain contributions in accordance with the rules set down by the Planning Policy Manager and as already agreed by the Council.

Following that process the S106 will be finalised and entered into between all parties (SSDC and SCC and the applicants and any other parties who have an interest in the land). Once the S106 has been completed the planning permission can be issued. This permission will be in outline form. Further meetings will be held between officers and the developer's agent to progress an application or multiple applications for approval of reserved matters. No work can commence on site until such detailed approval has been granted by the Council.

This current application therefore seeks to establish the principle of the development. Officers will provide Members with a PowerPoint presentation at the meeting to further elaborate on the principle issues and characteristics of the site.

LOCATION AND PROPOSAL

The application site is located to the east of the town on a greenfield site comprising of some 50.32 hectares (124.3 acres) of land lying between the A30 Crewkerne to Yeovil Road and the A356 road to the south.

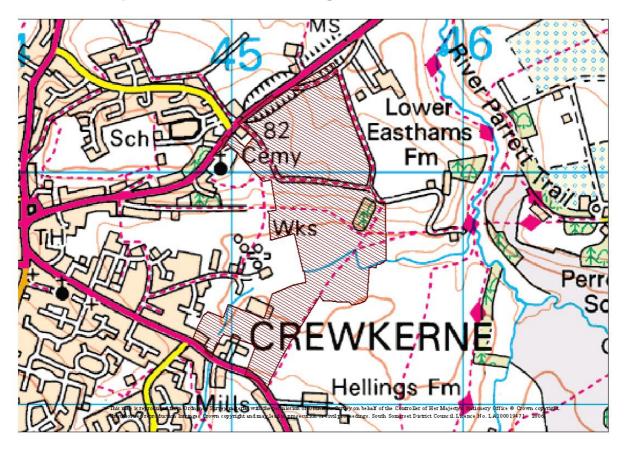
The site comprises mostly agricultural land with the northern part of the site currently in arable use. This will be the location for the residential development and school site. This part of the site adjoins the A30 and lies to the east of the town cemetery. This is the highest part of the site at the top of a scarp slope, which runs roughly east west.

The central part of the site includes the scarp slope with the lowest lying parts of the site mainly grassland. A corridor of open countryside extends westwards from the site boundary into the town centre. This central area will be retained for informal recreation. New balancing ponds associated with the drainage of the site will be located in the northeast corner and southern parts of the site and these will be designed to attract wildlife. In addition to the informal recreation provision there will also be a community sports area including a playing pitch.

The southern part of the site is mainly arable land, which slopes gently upwards to the A356 at the southern boundary. This part of the site adjoins the town's main industrial area at its western boundary. It will therefore be used to provide employment land to complement the adjoining use.

The key aspects of the comprehensive proposal are set out below

- Residential development for 525 dwellings, including a proportion of affordable housing (14.8 Hectares 36 acres)
- Employment land for a range of employment uses to complement the adjacent existing industrial area (9.8 hectares 24 acres)
- Local centre and community hall site (0.4 hectares 1 acre)
- 2 form entry primary school (1.4 hectares 3.5 acres)
- Playing fields, open space and structural landscaping
- Balancing ponds to cope with surface water
- Strategic highway improvements including a new link road between the A30 and the A356
- A local convenience store
- Footpaths and cycleway throughout the site and links back to the town centre where possible
- Contributions to environmental improvements in the town centre aimed at improving the pedestrian environment





RELEVANT HISTORY:

910302/OUT - Formation of access road and industrial development - WITHDRAWN 23/7/91

900202/OUT - Distributor road, residential development, industrial development, community facilities and public open space etc - REFUSED 24/4/90

POLICY:

The starting point for considering this application is the Development Plan, which comprises the Regional Spatial Strategy (RSS – formerly known as Regional Planning Guidance), the adopted Joint Structure plan Review (2000) and the South Somerset Local Plan (adopted April 2006). The Local Plan replaced the now superseded Crewkerne Local Plan. A full list of relevant policies and the detailed Policy Manager's comments are included in Appendices B and C.

CONSULTATIONS: SUMMARY

Crewkerne Town Council - Recommend APPROVAL subject to phasing of development, 35% affordable housing being achieved, and other matters to be resolved though the S106

SCC Highway Authority - Recommend APPROVAL subject to all necessary highway infrastructure and phasing of link road. S106 agreement required for all off site highway works. Proposed green bridge must be up to highway standards and come forward with a commuted sum for future maintenance.

SCC Ecologist – Requests further details and survey work to be undertaken in respect of protected species; also points to loss of potential neutral grassland which could be potentially a UK/BAP priority habitat. Mitigation measures required and replacement habitats needed.

SCC Planning Department – No comments to make provided application is in line with RSS policy and needs of other departments are taken into account in the development.

SCC Archaeology – Recommend APPROVAL subject to further evaluation and excavation of certain areas affected by physical development works. Can be covered by a condition.

SCC Education – Recommend APPROVAL subject to appropriate contribution to education facilities in the town and the provision of a school site and playing field within the development.

SCC Rights of Way – Supports sustainable transport links but this may involve 3rd party land to secure necessary improvements to existing network of footpaths.

Wessex Water - Water supply adequate subject to new booster station. Foul system adequate but odour modelling required to safeguard housing, SUDS drainage system favoured, separate foul and surface water systems required.

Environment Agency – No objections subject to conditions and notes to cover our interests. Detailed letter setting out conditions to be forwarded prior to Committee.

South West of England RDA - OBJECTS unless it can be demonstrated that the proposal provides an appropriate balance of housing and is sustainable in terms of car usage, delivery of employment etc.

English Nature (now Natural England) - Will only support application if appropriate mitigation measures put in place to protect dormice and badgers in particular. Have provided detailed advice on necessary green bridge proposal for dormice and point to difficulties in achieving a licence under European Legislation following any potential grant of planning permission, unless these matters are fully resolved.

DEFRA - No formal comments to make but raises concerns about use of good quality agricultural land, and potential spread of development further into the countryside. Acknowledges allocation of site however in Local Plan.

Countryside Agency – No comments to make as only comment on nationally important schemes.

Ministry of Defence Estates (Safeguarding) - No objections.

Wales and West Utilities - No objections - point to services near or on the site, which will need to be safeguarded.

English Heritage - No comments to make on this occasion.

SSDC Policy - The principle of the development is supported; reflecting as it does the adopted Local Plan allocation KS/CREW/1. The town is an appropriate location for this level of development and the site is suitable in terms of its relationship to the town and its services and can be developed without causing unacceptable harm to the setting of the town. The proposal provides for a mix and balance of uses and promotes the principles of sustainable development of uses. In light of the housing trajectory there is a need for planned urban expansion for Crewkerne to support it role and function. The proposal, together with commitments should not result in a disproportionate level of growth for the town.

Should the application be approved conditions should be attached ensuring compliance with the adopted local Plan allocation and providing for a high quality sustainable development. In particular and reflecting the Inspector's stated concerns delivery of employment development will be important to achieve the overall balanced development.

SSDC Landscape Architect - The potential landscape impacts arising from this key site development has long been a major concern: Whilst the area allocated for employment is considered to relate well to the town and its setting, in landscape terms the residential area is not such a well-related urban extension. Substantive landscape impacts will arise from the provision of housing and associated development above Butts Quarry Lane, and the link road alignment.

The original landscape strategy plan, submitted March 2005, was assessed as lacking the necessary mitigation to enable satisfactory integration of the proposal with its context (see consultation response 08/05). Further to negotiation with the applicant, a revised proposal - drawing no; CSA/277/022 revision C - which addresses the major impacts of skyline development; development massing; the separation of built form from the urban setting; and the link road alignment across the escarpment; has been submitted. This revised masterplan in most part satisfactorily addresses the main landscape issues identified by the EIA and earlier assessments (see consultation response 02/06).

There are items to be resolved to complete the landscape mitigation: These relate to additional planting across the scarp, as part of both dormice and highways mitigation; and the alignment and landscape treatment of cycleway linkages above Easthams Lane. Some fine-tuning of land-use within the central open space is also being sought, to enhance future management of these areas. Once these issues are resolved (see consultation responses 11/05 and 08/06) I am satisfied that the landscape masterplan shall provide a basis for a positive landscape recommendation at this outline stage, and for reserved matters applications in due course.

SSDC Conservation Manager - Generally content with master plan and design code subject to appropriate conditions and the comments of the Landscape Architect

SSDC Economic Development – Whilst supporting the application raises concerns regarding the design of employment units and their marketability.

SSDC Ecologist – Will not be able to support unless protected species are properly considered and full mitigation measures such as a green bridge for dormice are included. Support the concerns raised by English Nature in this regard.

SSDC Rights of Way – Not convinced with regard to sustainable transport links to town centre. Further proposals needed which may impact on 3rd party land to provide cycleways.

SSDC Housing – Fully supports given considerable need for affordable housing and SSDC corporate objectives.

SSDC Transport Officer - Supports application but details still need to be formally agreed

SSDC Aborist – Recommends certain trees be formally protected prior to any development.

SSDC Technical Services - No objections subject to appropriate surface water drainage measures and adequate foul water system in place.

SSDC Open Spaces Officer – Still awaiting detailed proposals in respect of areas for maintenance and commuted sums to be offered.

SSDC Sport and Leisure – Has serious concerns that proposals do not provide sufficient facilities for the site. Requests that further discussions are held with developer.

REPRESENTATIONS:

The application has been advertised on site and in the Local Press both under Environmental Impact Regulations and as a Departure from the Development Plan as is required (at the time the application was received the SSLP had not been formally adopted – hence the Departure advertisement). The following is a précis of comments received from interested parties. In addition all those parties who made representations regarding the SSLP were individually notified and invited to comment. Where necessary the full comments of the consultees have been included in Appendix C and D.

Somerset Badger Trust – Need to have specialist surveys carried out and acted upon.

Somerset Environmental Records Centre - Refer to legal and non-statutory protected species.

Campaign for Dark Skies - Site and development could have a major impact on new observatory at Haselbury Plucknett, points to considerable impact of such a large new development on the edge of the town. Potential light spillage from new dwellings and new road could be very intrusive. Gives specific detailed guidance on how this can be overcome.

South Somerset Disability Forum – Whilst the overall aims of having an inclusive community are applauded it is considered that this will not be realised in the plans as they come forward; the site is being overdeveloped; access and gradients are difficult; access to community facilities and play areas also compromised; suitable facilities should be put in place along major access routes; Part M must be followed wherever possible; lifetime homes and homes suitable for wheelchair users should be included in the development; legislation enquires the active promotion of an inclusive environment and equality of opportunity.

CPRE – Objects to the application, number of houses proposed is contrary to Local Plan. This proposal is at odds with the advice contained in PPG3 in that it will involve a substantial greenfield development.

Association of British Insurers – Recommends that no development takes place until all flood risk issues have been fully resolved with Environment Agency.

Wadham School Headteacher – Overall I consider this to be an attractive and well thought out proposal, which should help to revitalise the town and provide a much-needed link between the A30 and A356. Delighted that Ashlands School will be replaced. I do have some concern about additional traffic on the road both in constructing and after completion. These could be issue at the end of the school day with the buses and parents especially when there are traffic signals on the A30. Also need to carefully consider the potential impact on children safety with the cycleway link across the road – I would prefer to see a footbridge.

Wadham Park Residents Association – welcome new access to Cropmead industrial estate, raise concern about extra traffic running through existing and proposed housing areas, environmental impact on eastern countryside of the town is unacceptable; amount of housing will destroy character of this market town and stretch local infrastructure. They also make the following points:-

- 6000 to 7000 increase per day in traffic movements
- Fully support the strength and quantity of objections raised by local residents
- Traffic lights on A30 will be dangerous
- Double yellow lines on Ashlands Road will impede parking
- Traffic congestion around the school will be intolerable
- Emission and noise pollution will make life unbearable
- Property values will plummet

172 individual letters from the public raising the following points of objection and concern (158 of which are from residents of Ashlands Road estates).

- Concerns expressed regarding access to industrial estate
- Impact on existing industrial units from height and proximity of proposed buildings
- Link road should be completed before any building takes place
- Not convinced that road will divert traffic from town centre
- Must have sustainable transport links to town centre avoiding use of cars
- Concerned about other land in applicants ownership and future plans
- Concerns about the sudden leap in the number of houses being proposed
- Considers that more local infrastructure should be provided such as shops, health clinic etc to serve the new development
- Points to critical impact on Ashlands Road residents flowing from new traffic
- Not enough thought given to means of protection of Ashland's Road residents from excessive amount of new extra traffic
- If this scheme is to go ahead then there should also be a Longstrings by pass as well
- Extra noise, traffic and vibration on Ashlands Road will make life unbearable
- Considerable impact on property values on Ashlands Road
- All side roads on Ashlands estate will be used for parking
- Impact from extra HGV traffic and how this will affect children walking to school
- Can't understand why Council has not gone with Inspectors decision to develop Longstrings instead of CLR
- Double yellow lines along Ashlands Road will make life difficult for dropping off children going to school
- Traffic lights on A30 is ludicrous accidents will be inevitable
- Will put added strain on town's infrastructure
- Traffic congestion at start and end of school day will be inevitable
- Detrimental impact on peace and quiet in the cemetery from extra traffic etc.
- Should be a bypass for the whole town not a scheme creating a by pass along Ashlands Road
- Ashlands Road was never meant to be a bypass or distributor road
- This scheme was rejected before and at the LP Inquiry how can it now be steam rollered through against local peoples wishes
- Questions need for this amount of extra housing when Yeovil is also to be expanded
- Increased density will put more pressure on car parking in the town
- Other non-strategic sites such as Maidenbeech should come forward first particularly bearing in mind the time it will take to resolve the S106 agreement to be attached to this application and the need to refer the application to the Government Office.
- Significant impact on local trees of importance some of which are TPO'd
- Whilst being concerned about the principle acknowledges the improvements from this scheme to the earlier draft proposals, landscaping also welcomed
- Ashlands Road because of its gradients and alignment is not suitable for a distributor road. Why not consider Furringdons Lane as a new by pass for the town
- Another letter however refers to the cost and environmental damage in bringing Furringdons Lane up to the standard required.
- Contrary to government policy; contrary to provisions set out in Local Plan; contrary to regional planning guidance; windfalls in town should avoid need for this development
- Link road should be designed to by pass Misterton as well

- Concerned about pollution of balance ponds and excavated materials being taken off site or burning of waste on site
- Have the views of Misterton residents been considered in respect of screening
- POS seems adequate but is split by link road could link road be re-aligned

CONSIDERATIONS:

The principal considerations in this case are the:

- National and Local policies and how they impact on the development
- Highway issues including off site works and sustainable transport links
- Ecological issues concerning protected species
- Landscape impact issues both long and short range
- Affordable housing
- Public open space and play space provision
- S106 agreement and level of contributions offered
- Phasing of development

1. POLICY

Members are referred to the full text of the Policy Manager's comments at Appendix B. He identifies the principal issues to be:

- Does the proposal accord with policies governing the sustainable location of the development?
- Is there a need for the housing particularly bearing in mind the intended increase in numbers?
- Do the proposals accord with employment land policy?
- Does the proposal provide a high quality sustainable development?

Clearly it will not be sufficient in this case to rely solely on the fact that the site is allocated in the adopted Local Plan. The Government Office will need to be satisfied with regard to the above.

The Policy Manager has put forward a convincing case to allow this site to come forward at this time. The phasing policy set out in the Local Plan is now irrelevant given the considerable time from any committee resolution before construction works begin. The Policy Manager considers that the site is an appropriate location for this scale and type of development and the development does not harm the local landscape subject to mitigation measures. The proposal provides for a mix of housing, community facilities, employment land and new road infrastructure, which as a total package will support rather than undermine the importance of Crewkerne as the District's third largest town. It is not considered that the proposal, taking into account the additional number of houses over and above that indicated in the original Local Plan, would lead to a disproportionate level of growth for the town.

The number of dwellings now proposed is in excess of that originally shown in the Local Plan. However, the applicants point out that there is a need to ensure that land (particularly greenfield) is used to the most appropriate density taking into account the need to respect landscape setting and the need for other benefits such as affordable housing. More of this is set out later. In principle however, the Policy Manager does not consider that the additional numbers now put forward are unreasonable. Given the other constraints on the site in terms of providing a link road, employment land, community facilities and off site works for highway safety your Officers conclude that the original figure put forward is now unrealistic and will if adhered to lead to a site which is simply not viable.

The Policy Manager does however conclude by stressing the importance of taking into account the comments of the Local Plan Inquiry Inspector. He was at pains to ensure that the employment land came forward at a reasonable rate to complement the housing proposals. Otherwise the need for commuting would inevitably grow and the question mark over sustainability would arise.

With regard to employment land Members are referred to the report carried out by the applicant's agent, which is reproduced in Appendix A. This report stresses the need to ensure that employment land is flexible in terms of the uses envisaged and that a range of differing unit types and sizes is

provided. The need to link the existing employment land areas at Blacknell Lane and Cropmead with the new road is essential The Local Plan states

A link road between Blacknell Lane and the proposed A30-A356 south link road to be built in its entirety on the completion of 200 dwellings or four years after the occupation of the first dwelling, whichever is the earliest.

The Council's Economic Development Officer considers that the design code put forward by the applicants will not be appropriate in meeting the needs of local employers and others who may wish to relocate to the site. Clearly this is an issue, which will need to be further considered at detailed design stage. What is important however is to recognises the developer's responsibility to ensure that the access road is provided and that serviced land is made available to allow other agencies and private land owners to come forward with the provision of employment land. Further negotiations with he developers agent will be required on this point and a firm program of phasing needs to be established prior to any grant of planning permission. Not to do so would render the application liable to a 'call in' from the Government Office for the South West.

2. HIGHWAYS

Members are referred to the letters received from the County Highways Authority at Appendix D. Prior to the submission of the application the Highway Authority played an important and innovative part in the Enquiry by Design process. They came to that event with an open mind and a willingness to think outside the normal realms of estate road management and construction. However, whilst they showed flexibility and a radical approach to design they will still need to be satisfied that the roads constructed are to full public adoption standards.

The Local Plan requires the following improvement works to be incorporated in the development:

- Link road between A30 (Yeovil Road) and A356 (Station Road), to be provided in entirety on the completion of 200 dwellings or four years after occupation of the first dwelling, depending on which is the earliest
- Footway/cycle link to town centre
- Appropriate contributions towards improvements to affected highway infrastructure
- A link road between Blacknell Lane and the proposed A30-A356 south link road to be built
 in its entirety on the completion of 200 dwellings or four years after the occupation of the
 first dwelling, whichever is the earliest.

The applicants will need to ensure that all the above works are properly phased in accordance with the Local Plan. The key element here is ensuring that the necessary improvements required to local infrastructure are in place. In addition the necessary off site works to ensure safe crossing points, traffic calming near the Wadham secondary school, and other necessary works on the A30 and A356 are completed and linked to a S106 agreement which the Highway Authority will need to be a party to. Members have made these matters a priority also in selecting this site as opposed to the Local Plan Inquiry Inspector's choice of Longstrings. The need to remove traffic from the town centre coupled with the potential for providing better links to the towns industrial areas were key factors in this decision. Any planning permission on the key site must support rather than undermine that stance.

In broad terms after a number of meetings the Highway Authority are in agreement with the application provided all the above matters can be satisfied as well as those set out in their latest correspondence.

It will be noted that the Highway Authority have been fully appraised of the strong local objections from the Ashlands Road residents. However, the principle of the key site is now firmly established having previously taken into account the competing aims of this site as opposed to the site favoured by those residents at Longstrings to the north of the A30. That site is now no longer part of any development proposals although it may come forward at some time in the future. The Highway Authority remain adamant that Ashlands Road was built to distributor road standard and is capable of taking any additional traffic that may result as a development of the key site. Without a highway objection or specific expert technical opinion to the contrary the LPA cannot refuse the application on those

grounds. To do so would render them liable to an award of costs being made against them at a public inquiry. Clearly there will be an impact on those residents who currently live on or off Ashlands Road. However, one objector did comment that it is the needs of the town rather than one particular segment of the town that needs to come first. Those residents will no doubt consider that their views have been ignored. That however is not the case now and it was not the case when the key site was formally designated by the Council. It is however considered the greater needs of the town and the potential other benefits that will accrue should take precedence.

Members will also note the Highway Authority's comments regarding the green bridge to cater for dormice. Clearly they will need to be satisfied that such a structure is safe, meets their rigorous standards for structures over the highway, and a reasonable commuted sum is provided to ensure future maintenance. Comment as been made to the type of bridge envisaged. More of this will be set out below under ecological issues. If the structure is not to be formally adopted by the County then the cost for future maintenance will need to be borne by those residents who live on the site by way of some long-term management agreement. Clearly the best option here would be that any structure is adopted by the County. Comment has also been made in terms of whether such a bridge could double as a pedestrian/cycle route. To do so however, would push up the cost considerably. In any event the Highway Authority are satisfied with the proposals to cross the new road by ensuring appropriate crossing points and low traffic speeds.

Likewise much concern has been raised by local residents regarding the need for pedestrians and particularly school children to cross the A30. One suggestion to build a bridge has been considered but has been rejected in favour of ensuring that traffic speeds are significantly reduced from their current unimpeded level and that safe crossing points are provided both for walkers and cyclists. The Highway Authority have considered the plans submitted to date in detail and will need to have further detailed plans submitted to them for their approval at a later date. The broad principles of highway safety have however been already agreed.

One issue that has exercised both the minds of Highways and Policy is the sustainable transport links. This is a vital area if the site is to demonstrate a range of transport options to link it with the town centre over and above the use of the private car. A plan will be shown at Committee indicating the applicant's proposals in this respect. What is clear is that whilst pedestrian links are well established it remains to be seen as to the potential for cycleway links without using 3rd party land to accommodate those works. Your rights of way officer has alluded to the potential problems that might arise with regard to converting footpaths into bridleways for example. However, there has to be a real prospect of linking the site with the town centre for cyclists as well as pedestrians. Such a route should of course be useable. There will be other links available to link the residential areas with the town such as along the A30 and the A356 and through the employment areas of Blacknell and Cropmead. The ideal link however remains the most direct east-west links at the top and bottom of the scarp slope. To add to the complication such links will also need to respect the ecological issues surrounding dormice and badger setts. To ignore this element of the scheme will again put the application at risk of a 'call in' from the Government Office.

With regard to all the highway matters set out above but in particular to the requirements of the Local Plan Members will need to allow Officers to negotiate the fine details. However, certain elements will not be open to negotiation such as the phasing of the link road completion, link to employment areas, and necessary highway safety measures and the green bridge. Members are asked to re-affirm their views in this respect.

3. ECOLOGY

Members are referred to the comments submitted to date by Natural England (formerly English Nature) and the SSDC Ecologist.

There are a number of protected species, which exist on the site and adjoining the site. Clearly the presence of such species will be of paramount importance. The objections submitted by both parties to date have been the result of a lack of detail and willingness to fully take on board the need to provide adequate mitigation measures to avoid harm to protected species.

A number of options have been explored with regard to dormice but the only conclusion drawn as to a truly workable solution is the 'green bridge' approach using a living hedgerow above the road. Members are referred to the supporting information in Appendix B. Such a structure is likely to meet with the approval of the relevant bodies and is the most likely solution to enable a Licence to be granted by DEFRA. To date the applicants have not been willing to countenance this solution putting forward cost and landscape objections. In terms of cost the overall cost will not be the £500,000 quoted by the applicants agent who appear to have based their costings on a much more complex scheme carried out in Kent. To date no firm costings have been carried out by the applicants. In terms of landscape impact your Landscape Architect is prepared to consider any bridge proposal put forward. A site has been identified as the most preferred link at the junction of Butts Quarry Lane and Easthams Lane. Again Members are asked to re-affirm their commitment to this element of the scheme, without which the whole project could fail. Regardless of any planning permission granted DEFRA will not grant a licence unless they are fully satisfied. Without the licence in place the applicants cannot implement the planning permission granted.

With regard to other protected species such as badgers it does appear that suitable mitigation measures can be put in place to protect their habitats and provide enhancement of such habitats wherever possible by appropriate new landscaping.

Much more detailed work is required by the developers but such details can be covered by appropriate planning conditions.

4. LANDSCAPE AND DESIGN

Both the Council's Landscape Architect and Design Manager attended the Enquiry by Design event. This resulted in a document being produced, which sets aside the normal estate road layout and 'anywhere housing' reproduced by volume house builders as evidenced in the district over recent years. An innovative approach has been adopted by the design team to create places of interest and local distinctiveness. Members are referred to the Design Code produced as part of this application. Your officers consider that it is vital for such a Code to be considered a fundamental part of any permission granted. To that end officers suggest that conditions are imposed requiring future developers to adhere to the principles laid out in the Code. Clearly a great deal of work remains to be done in terms of a future application for approval of reserved matters. However, with a design code in place it matters not who the eventual volume house builder is. What is important is that Members and officers re-affirm their approach to this site and defend future refusals if necessary of any application that does not meet the Code agreed.

Turning to matters of landscape impact, it is clear beyond doubt that the development of this site on the edge of the town will have a considerable impact. This is not unusual or unique to this site but would be the case for any large area of land on the edge of the Crewkerne, which is set amongst such beautiful and attractive countryside. Members are referred to the detailed comments of the Council's Landscape Architect in this regard. Members will further note the conclusions set out by the officer concerned.

The increase in the density of the housing over and above that shown in the Local Plan have been carefully considered in terms of landscape impact. The adoption of the design code and the way in which higher blocks have been limited to certain areas together with the massing and the internal and structural boundary landscaping have been brought together to create an appropriate form of development that should in time fit with wider local landscape views. There are matters of detail, which need to be resolved but none are so insurmountable that they cannot be dealt with by appropriate planning conditions.

It should also be borne in mind that the development of this site will have an impact at night as well as by day in landscape terms. In this respect Members are referred to the views of the Campaign for Dark Skies who make relevant and pertinent points with regard to light pollution. The lighting of the main spine road through the site as well as any potential lighting of playing pitches and all the housing areas will be of critical importance in this regard. Much more consideration needs to be given to appropriate levels and types of lighting. There will clearly need to be a balance between a safe environment and the need to avoid excessive light pollution. Again such matters can be dealt with by appropriate planning conditions requiring full details of all lighting to be submitted as part of any

application for approval of reserved matters. Very often such issues are overlooked but on this occasion given the site's edge of settlement position they are of vital importance. Your officers further consider that it should be made a condition of planning permission that security lighting is excluded in residential areas. Such lighting can be highly intrusive and on this site if allowed to go unchecked could have a major impact. The need to provide adequate lighting can be dealt with under the individual detailed designs of the housing units.

5. AFFORDABLE HOUSING

One of the benefits of increasing the overall number of units on the site has been the potential to commensurately increase the element of affordable housing. The Local Plan requires a target of 35% to be met from the key site. It states -

"With reference to affordable housing provision as defined in paragraphs 10.35 to 10.43, the Council is of the opinion that this "key site" meets the Government's threshold within Circular 6/98, PPG3 (2000) and Policy HG7 (Definition and Achievement of Affordable Housing) whereby the local planning authority may negotiate an element of affordable housing based on need. Using the Council's local information from the Housing Needs Assessment (2000), its update (2002) and the methodology outlined in supporting text to the affordable housing policies, a site target of 35% is considered appropriate".

However, the Local Plan is silent on the preferred mix of affordable housing i.e. the proportion of rented to shared equity. It has been normal practice to base the requirement on the need to provide a 90/10 split in favour of rented. On that basis the applicants have stated that they are only able to provide a total percentage of 15% affordable on the key site. The applicant has put forward arguments based on the viability of the site and the abnormal and front loaded costs that have to be borne by the development. They have provided information to support this assertion and have indicated that the site would not be viable with any greater proportion of affordable housing.

The original yield of affordable housing from 438 dwellings would have been 153.3 units.

The yield from 525 dwellings would be 183.75 affordable units.

The applicants initially offered 35% but have now reduced this to 15% giving a yield of 78.75 units.

The Local Plan further states -

"Where it is demonstrated that the provision of affordable housing, along with other infrastructure and community facilities renders a site unviable the council will reconsider the planning obligations, including affordable housing, to be sought from the site. But the district council will wish to see development in accord with local plan policies proceed as long as the necessary infrastructure, services and community facilities are secured".

The applicant's figures with regard to overall viability are being checked by consultants acting on behalf of the Council. Clearly the issue of affordable housing is one of paramount importance. The applicants base their figures on a 90/10 split but it may be possible to agree another split as has happened on other key sites in the district, which has resulted in an overall greater percentage of affordable housing but with more shared equity units. Members for example may decide that it would be preferable to have a 35% total but with a different split.

In addition the above information from the applicant pre-supposes that no Housing Corporation Grant will be payable. Clearly such a large site could attract a grant and if that were the case then it would be open for the Council to re-negotiate the actual split between rented and shared equity units. Officers consider that it would be able to insert a formula into the S106 agreement which could govern this.

Officers have already expressed their concern at the suggested percentage of affordable units offered by the applicants. Members will wish to give this matter serious consideration at Committee particularly bearing in mind the recommendation of the Town Council.

What is clear is that the Local Plan requires a target of 35%, which should only be set aside and reduced if there is a clear and robust argument proving the site would not be viable. Officers will be able to update Members further on this matter at the meeting.

6. PUBLIC OPEN SPACE AND PLAY SPACE PROVISION

Members are referred to the views of the Head of Service of the Council regarding this element of the proposal as set out in Appendix C. At the present time there is a fundamental disagreement between the Head of Service and the applicant. Further clarification has been sought regarding the suggested list of provisions and the way in which this fits with Local Plan policy. Clearly as the applicant rightly points out only those matters which are specifically supported by policy requirements should be included in the requirements laid out to cater for the key site.

To support their view the applicants have submitted a letter of rebuttal dated 3 October 2005. This letter is attached at Appendix A. The letter also usefully rebuts the objections put forward by SWRDA and a local objector.

The applicants have now provided detailed costings and their suggested contribution to play space provision. These are being considered by the Head of Service and a response will be given by your officers at the meeting.

In addition to the above there are also issues to be resolved regarding the maintenance of open spaces and play areas. There will be a need to provide a commuted sum for such on going costs. A list of such sums has been produced by the applicants but again it is likely that the proposals will fall short of the sums normally required for future maintenance. A further update on this will also be given at Committee.

7. SECTION 106 AGREEMENT

The applicants have set out the following as essential infrastructure costs

Highways

- On site road costs with new junctions and connections
- New link road between A30 and A356
- New link road to Blacknell Lane
- On site pedestrian and cycleway links
- Off site road costs including town centre works
- Pedestrian and cycle links to town centre via green wedge
- Safe crossing points for pedestrian and cycles

Drainage

- Surface water drainage using SUDS
- Balancing ponds
- New culverts and pipes
- Requisition of sewers
- Adoption fees/commuted sums

Foul water drainage

- Strategic sewers
- On site rising main
- On site pumping station
- Adoption fees/commuted sums

Strategic earthworks

- Cut and fill works
- Escarpment stabilisation
- Fill to provide sports pitch

Utilities etc

- Gas, water, British Telecom, Electricity
- Commuted sums for adoption of services
- Professional fees

The applicants have agreed to provide contributions regarding the following broad headings

Highways

- Bus provision with the new link road providing a new bus link
- Bus stops and shelters within the development area
- Bus stops to serve the employment areas as well as the residential areas
- Public transport contributions based on a sum per new dwelling
- Pedestrian/cycle crossing the A30 (Toucan type crossing)
- Traffic claming measures around Ashlands secondary school
- Alterations to speed limits on A30 reducing from 40mph to 30 mph
- Town centre improvements i.e. signalisation of Market Street
- Pedestrian/cycle links to the town along Easthams and Butts Quarry Lanes
- Commuted sums for highway maintenance of traffic signals
- Off site road costs such as improvements to junctions

Education

- Pre school contribution
- First school contribution
- Middle school contribution
- Provision of a site for a new first school together with playing field
- Temporary accommodation contribution

Recreation

- Community parkland in north east corner of site
- Casual informal play areas comprising 1 NEAP, 1 LEAP and 9 LAPS
- Other local open space and amenity land

Landscaping

- Landscaping along A30 boundary
- Landscaping along eastern boundary and housing area escarpment
- Landscaping within residential areas including town square
- Landscaping along lanes
- Balancing ponds landscaping

Commuted sums

- Sports fields
- Landscaping
- Amenity areas

In addition the applicants have offered affordable housing at 15% i.e. 79 units (rounded up).

To support the above the applicants have provided on a strictly confidential basis the cost derivations and their expected profits from the development. These papers have not been circulated (because of the need to retain commercial confidentiality) but have been given to relevant officers and the economic advisors acting for the Council. Checks are currently being made by those advisors and officers to ensure that the figures quoted are realistic.

It is clear so far that the suggested level of contributions on certain items fall short of that expected. There will need to be a balancing exercise carried out by the relevant portfolio holders of the Council

to apportion the sums of money available once this has been agreed between the applicants and the Council.

This brokering between the portfolio holders is in line with the process agreed by District Executive, albeit it was initially intended to implement this prior to the application coming to Committee. It has been more recently agreed however that this can be dealt with after any principle resolution of the Council to grant planning permission. Officers will also need to scrutinise all bids submitted by various departments to ensure that the bid is in accordance with the advice set out in the Government's Planning Gain circular 05/2005.

Any recommendation set out below must therefore bear in mind that there needs to be further negotiations between the various Head of Service and Portfolio holders. In this case in addition it may be the case that Officers have to negotiate further with the developers to ensure that costs put forward are realistic before an agreed planning gain sum can be finalised.

8. PHASING OF DEVELOPMENT

The Local Plan sets out certain elements of phasing which are considered to be non negotiable i.e. the provision of the link road between the A30 and the A356 following the construction of the first 200 dwellings or four years following the occupation of the first dwelling whichever is the earliest. Similarly the Local Plan requires the link between Blacknell Lane and the new link road within the same timeframe. It is likely that the Highway Authority will also insist on these provisions being adhered to.

However, other elements of the development are not specifically referred to by the Local Plan and can be more fluid. It is likely that the developer will require a degree of flexibility in the way in which the site is delivered. Whilst officers can and should negotiate they and Members must bear in mind that a pragmatic approach should be adopted. It would not be helpful to any party to insist on a rigid and inflexible phasing plan which cannot be altered once agreed.

Certain elements of the development are crucial from a road safety point of view. For example the timing of the provision of off site works, traffic signals, crossing points of the A30 and traffic calming around the school. Whilst some of these works may have to be put in immediately as a first phase, other works could be put to a later date. The Highway Authority will need to advise further in this respect and officers suggest that any phasing plan is specifically agreed with the relevant Planning portfolio holder, Area West Chairman, local ward members and if needs be the Vice Chairman of the Area West Committee if the Chairman has to declare an interest.

Once a phasing plan has been agreed it is anticipated that there will be a need to review the plan if something unexpected happens. Officers suggest that any conditions or planning agreement is worded to include an element of flexibility to allow Members and officers to reconsider where necessary.

Further discussions will be necessary to conclude the actual phasing over and above those items considered to be non-negotiable. Officers recommend this be left to the relevant officers and Members to resolve as part of the S106 and other planning conditions.

CONCLUSION

There are still issues outstanding with regard to the objections of Natural England, and the final views of the Environment Agency. The latter initially objected to the original proposals but it is likely that they will now withdraw their objection on receipt of final plans from the developers to deal with flood risk and water attenuation. Their letter should be received prior to Committee.

The recommendation below is therefore subject to all the outstanding issues relating to the S106, planning conditions, and resolution of the Natural England objections being resolved. Once these matters are dealt with there is no impediment to a positive recommendation. Members are reminded that because the site involves greenfield development over the threshold size quoted in the Greenfield Land Direction the application will need to be referred to the Secretary of State who can exercise call in powers.

REASON FOR GRANTING PERMISSION

It is considered that the development of the Crewkerne Key site is a vital element of the adopted South Somerset Local Plan in bringing forward a strategic requirement for housing and employment in the town. The principle of this development is supported, reflecting as it does the adopted Local Plan allocation KS/CREW/1, Land between Yeovil Road and Station Road. The town is an appropriate location for this level of development and the site is suitable terms of its relationship to the town and its services and can be developed without causing unacceptable harm to the setting of the town. The proposal provides for a mix and balance of uses and promotes the principles of sustainable development of uses. In the light of the housing trajectory there is a need for planned urban expansion for Crewkerne its role and function. The proposal, together with commitments, would not result in a disproportionate level of growth for the town. It is considered that the proposal complies with National and Local Plan Policies as set out in this report.

RECOMMENDATION:

PERMIT in accordance with the application form and location plan submitted on 5 May 2005, the Architectural and Design Code received on 27 January 2006 and the revised Master Plan site layout received October 2006, **SUBJECT TO**:

- A) The application be referred to the Secretary of State under the Town and Country Planning (Residential Development on Greenfield Land) (England) Direction 2000;
- B) The withdrawal of the objection submitted by Natural England with regard to protected species;
- C) In the event that the Secretary of State does not wish to intervene, the following matters and formulation of planning conditions be delegated to the Head of Development and Building Control in consultation with the relevant Portfolio Holders, Area West Chairman, and ward members to conclude should the Secretary of State confirm that the application need not be called in; and the applicant to enter into an agreement under S106 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended).

Detailed S106 contributions and phasing of the development to include the payment of contributions to cover the elements set out above in this report specifically to cover:-

- · Highway infrastructure, both on site and off site works
- Public open space and play facilities, and future management
- Education facilities,
- Public transport and travel plan,
- An appropriate level of affordable housing,
- Strategic landscaping and future management
- Strategic drainage and future management
- Ecological mitigation measures and green bridge provision

73. Crewkerne Key Site – Comprehensive Mixed Use Development for 525 Dwellings, Employment (B1, B2, B8), Primary School, Community Facilities, Playing Fields, Parkland, Public Open Space, Structural Landscaping and Associated Infrastructure including Link Road and Highway Improvements (GR 345354/109767) – Land East of Crewkerne between A30 (Yeovil Road) and A356 (Dorchester Road) – George Wimpey UK Ltd. (Planning Application No. 05/00661/OUT)

The Planning Team Leader referred to his report on the agenda, which set out fully the details of this planning application together with the material considerations to be taken into account. A comprehensive presentation was made with the assistance of plans and photographs during which the Planning Team Leader outlined the details of the proposals. He also confirmed that if members agreed to permit the application it would then need to be submitted to the Government Office for the South West (GOSW) because the site involved greenfield development over the threshold size quoted in the Greenfield Land Direction. He indicated that any permission would not be issued until GOSW had informed the Council whether or not they were content for the authority to deal with the application. It would also be necessary to finalise the details of the recommended Section 106 Agreement before any permission was issued.

In presenting the proposals the Planning Team Leader made reference to the site location and to the original Master Plan that showed the main blocks of development at the northern and southern ends of the site. He indicated that a revised Master Plan site layout was to be submitted but had not yet been received. He also referred to the Design Code for the development that had been drawn up in association with the Prince's Foundation for the Built Environment and by way of an Enquiry by Design Workshop, which was held in the town over a period of one week. He referred members to the detailed residential layout and employment area plans that had been submitted. He clarified that this was an outline application at this stage with all matters of detail reserved for future approval except for those relating to the access to the site.

The Planning Team Leader then asked other officers to present details of the application in respect of specific aspects of the proposals. The Principal Landscape Officer detailed the potential landscape impacts of the development and the measures proposed to alleviate them. The Senior Play and Youth Facilities Officer referred to the leisure requirements including outdoor playing space and equipped playing areas, facilities for young people and strategic community facilities. The Council's Ecologist referred to the protected species that existed on the site. He focused particularly on the presence of the most significant, which was the Common Dormouse and detailed measures that would be required in terms of protecting their habitat including the construction of a "green bridge" across the proposed road. The District Rights of Way Officer summarised the issues to be taken into account with regard to the rights of way in connection with the site. The representative of the Highway Authority commented that he had been present at the Enquiry by Design Workshop and had been involved with the layout of the roads. He referred to the Highway Authority not objecting to the application subject to the applicants entering into a Section 106 Agreement for both onsite and offsite works, details of which he described to the Committee. The Committee noted that many of the issues mentioned by the officers had either been agreed with the developers or were subject to negotiations with them and could be dealt with either at the reserved matters stage or incorporated into the Section106 Agreement.

The Planning Team Leader, in updating members, referred to correspondence that he had received from the applicant's agent clarifying the net developable area of the site. He further reported that when the application was first submitted, the development would have been a

departure from the Development Plan but he confirmed that the site was now included in the adopted South Somerset Local Plan.

For the purposes of clarification, the Planning Team Leader informed members of some amendments to information given in the agenda report. Those matters included reference to the strategic highway improvements and he reported that they included not only a new link road between the A30 and A356 but also a new link road to the Blacknell Lane and Cropmead Trading Estates. He also reported that the Environment Agency had now confirmed that they would have no objections to the application subject to the inclusion of conditions in any permission. They had, however, requested further information and as long as that was received satisfactorily they would not maintain an objection.

The Planning Team Leader referred to the recommendation being set out in the agenda report, which was one of approval. It was noted, however, that the application would need to be submitted to the Secretary of State and that there were a number of issues that should be dealt with by a Section 106 Legal Agreement. He referred specifically to one of the matters to be included in the Section 106 Agreement, which involved contributions by the developer to a public transport and travel plan. He recommended that, in addition, a management plan for cycleways and footpaths should be included. Any permission would also be dependant on the withdrawal of the objections submitted by Natural England and the Environment Agency.

In response to a comment from a member, the Planning Team Leader clarified that the aspirations in the Local Plan regarding the provision of affordable housing may not be met. He reported that the applicants had submitted cogent reasons to illustrate the difficulty of reaching the 35% provision of affordable housing because of issues concerning the viability of the development. The Planning Team Leader mentioned, however, that there may be an opportunity to improve upon that figure bearing in mind the possibility of receiving grants from the Housing Corporation and other measures. He mentioned that a decision on that matter did not need to be made at this meeting but could be looked at once further investigations had taken place and delegated to the Head of Development and Building Control in consultation with the relevant Portfolio Holders, Area Chairman and ward members. He did not recommend that the Committee stipulate 35% affordable housing at this stage as that would mean effectively refusing the application. He mentioned that the Local Plan required a pragmatic approach and a lower figure could be accepted provided that a robust argument was set out as required by the Local Plan. He indicated that members could give a steer on what figure they would like to see but he did not feel that the application should be refused on the current offer of a lower threshold.

The officers then answered members' questions on points of detail regarding the proposed development. Points addressed included the size of trees to be used for the tree planting, other species that were present on the site other than Dormice, clarification of the position with regard to the utilisation of the contribution towards education facilities, future maintenance of bus stops/shelters, the merits of a bridge rather than a surface crossing for pedestrians on the A30 (it being noted that the Highway Authority were satisfied with the suitability and safety of the surface crossing at this location), the environmental standards of the houses, whether the attenuation ponds could also act as a feature in the landscape, the sufficiency of the employment land and whether the design of the employment area had given sufficient consideration to current market needs and trends.

The Committee then noted the comments of a number of people who wished to make representations about the proposals.

The representative of Crewkerne Town Council, Mr. S. Andrew, commented that they had been studying and consulting on this project for around 15 years and their decision to support it

had not come lightly. He referred to the value of the link road which he felt would not be provided in any other way. He also referred to the extension of the industrial estate and to the new housing, especially the affordable housing element. It was not felt that the impact on the landscape or the environment would be nearly as bad as people thought. He informed the Committee that the Town Council recommended approval of the application subject to a number of conditions, details of which he outlined and had been included in the appendices to the agenda report. He indicated that the 35% affordable housing element was fairly important to aim for.

The Committee then noted the comments of Mr. N. Fleetwood (representing Wadham Park Residents Association), Mr. H. Best (representing the Campaign to Protect Rural England), Mr. A. Luke, Mr. T. Aldridge, Mr. D. Holmes and Mr. M. Pakes in objection to the proposals. Views expressed included the following:-

- concerns were expressed about increases in the flow of traffic along Ashlands Road as a
 result of this development. Reference was made to congestion, pollution, vibration and
 noise caused by additional traffic including heavy goods vehicles which, it was felt, would
 be detrimental to the amenities of residents. It was questioned whether the foundations of
 Ashlands Road could take the weight of some of the heavier goods vehicles and concern
 was expressed about the ability of those vehicles to brake sufficiently on the gradient of the
 road. Heavy commercial traffic would also be routed past Wadham Community School
 causing safety problems;
- if this scheme was to go ahead it was felt that the "Longstrings" link road should be provided;
- the proposed 525 dwellings was too many and the existing infrastructure would not be able
 to cope with the increase. The infrastructure must be improved if this number of properties
 were to be accommodated. It was suggested that demand for facilities would be increased
 by around 30%;
- the proposed new link road would go through a residential development and past a new primary school resulting in similar problems to those in Ashlands Road;
- too many dwellings at too low a density together with low proportion of affordable housing.
 It was suggested that there should be fewer dwellings but at a higher density thereby saving good agricultural land. It was felt that the current proposal was contrary to planning policy guidance in that respect;
- if the application was approved, the design of the road should be looked at carefully bearing in mind the geology of the land in the valley bottom. The house design should be one of high sustainability;
- reference was made to the proximity of the sewage works and to odour problems especially bearing in mind the prevailing wind;
- play areas would need to be placed wisely to minimise disturbance to residents;
- principal concern is the affordable housing element. This element was considered to be most important and it was commented that the Council should insist on the applicant providing 35% of affordable housing.

Mr. S. Sprent, a supporter of the application and a member of Crewkerne Civic Society, commented that the development was welcomed. It was considered to be a bold and

interesting addition to the fabric of the town that would support traders and other activities. A link road would also be provided from the industrial estate to the A356 and new housing would be provided for the town. He indicated that it was important for affordable homes to be provided and allocated to local people in need of housing.

Mr. P. Durnford from the Crewkerne Civic Society referred to the necessity for the phasing of the link road in relation to the construction of the dwellings to be strictly adhered to. He also spoke in support of space being found for a hall suitable for cultural and artistic events. He questioned whether a stream at the site was a hazard or whether it could be used as an opportunity to provide an amenity feature.

In response to comments made by members of the public, the Planning Team Leader and representative of the Highway Authority gave further explanations with regard to the details of the proposals in order to answer the issues raised.

The applicant's representative, Mr. P. Garber, commented that he had been in negotiation with the Council's officers regarding the proposed development. He referred to the proposal celebrating the site context and its distinctive character with its strong landscape and topographical features, wildlife and biodiversity. He referred to a scheme of quality, excellence and innovation. He indicated that the design team had worked with the Prince's Foundation for the Built Environment and that the proposals had evolved through the Enquiry by Design process and therefore had regard to the views of stakeholders and the community. He referred to an exemplar approach having been used in bringing the proposals forward and mentioned that what was proposed would be able to be delivered. In referring to the details of the proposals, he mentioned that the ecology issues raised by Natural England had been addressed and that the proposed Dormice crossing had been submitted by the applicants. He mentioned that the applicants took all conservation issues seriously and that they had worked closely with professional organisations and officers. Planting was to be provided in strategic locations so that it developed as construction proceeded. He referred to the Greenfield Directive not being unique to this application and in terms of sustainability he indicated that good eco-homes would be provided. He gave a summary of the contributions to be made to education facilities. With reference to play areas, he commented that they were fundamental to the development and to their being provided in appropriate locations. Reference was made to a community hall being linked to the proposed school. A GPs surgery would be provided and the employment site had been designed to facilitate maximum flexibility. In summary he commented that in submitting this application the applicants were trying to provide an exemplar development.

Cllr. Angie Singleton, one of the ward members, referred to the South Somerset Local Plan having been adopted and to the Crewkerne Key Site being an important element in that Plan. She mentioned that Crewkerne was the third largest settlement in South Somerset and to it already having been accepted that it was an appropriate location for a mixed development of this size. She also mentioned that the site's location was suitable because of its relationship with the town centre and associated services, the links to the existing industrial estate and to the railway station. In referring to the Section 106 Agreement which, amongst others, ward members would be a party to, she commented that although, as referred to in the agenda report, it would not be helpful to any party at this stage to insist on any conditions that were inflexible and rigid, she was of the view that there were points that needed to be made clear. She referred to the Local Plan requiring 35% affordable housing on a development of this size and mentioned that any reduction of that figure could only be agreed if there was clear and robust evidence proving that the site would not be viable. She was of the view that the Section 106 Agreement should allow for a renegotiation of the finally agreed figure should circumstances change, for example, if a Housing Corporation grant was secured. She also felt that it was essential that the employment land was brought forward at the same time as the

housing development and reiterated the importance of the link road between the A30 and A356 together with the link road between that new road and Blacknell Lane being provided in its entirety on the completion of 200 dwellings or four years after occupation of the first dwelling, whichever was the earliest. She also commented that serviced land should be made available on a firm programme of phasing. She was of the view that those elements together with the highway safety measures and the provision of the green bridge for Dormice were nonnegotiable. She emphasised that Dormice were a protected species and that if English Nature were not satisfied with the provisions being made the necessary licence would not be granted and the application would fail. Cllr. Singleton further referred to the Design Code that resulted from the Enquiry by Design event and involved extensive consultation with input from statutory and community organisations. She indicated that the code was well received and supported when presented to the community at a public meeting. She felt, therefore, that the Design Code must be a fundamental part of the permission and adhered to by any future developer. On the basis of the officer's assurance that the points that she had raised were encompassed within the recommendations to permit the application set out in the agenda, she proposed that the recommendations be adopted together with the additional amendments made by the Planning Team Leader at this meeting.

Cllr. Geoff Clarke, another ward member, commented that he had little to add. He mentioned that perhaps some measures could be provided with regard to points raised about heavy goods vehicles negotiating the gradient in Ashlands Road. He referred to wanting a mixed development of good quality not dominated by one class or another. He commented that the design had benefited from the input of the Prince's Foundation and that the development was a unique opportunity of which Crewkerne could be proud. He believed that the proposals should be supported and that they would determine the future of Crewkerne. He was of the view, however, that the provision of the affordable housing element was important and that he was determined that 35% should be achieved.

Cllr. Mike Best, also a ward member, indicated that he fully supported the application. He commented that the town centre had been rejuvenated by the proposals for a major supermarket and that the key site proposal would have a positive effect on the town.

Other members also indicated their support for the proposals. The importance of the affordable housing element was, however, referred to with members supporting the view that the Council should try to achieve the objective set out in the Local Plan of 35% affordable housing.

Other more general comments by members were noted. Reference was made to there being little reference to contributions towards secondary education. With regard to the provision of facilities for young people it was suggested that they be consulted on that issue.

Comment was expressed that a footbridge over the A30 may be a safer crossing than one at ground level. The Chairman commented that she understood that given the topography of the site it was not possible to accommodate a bridge that would be suitable for the disabled and safe for children at high level.

The Committee indicated its approval of the application. The importance of trying to achieve the 35% affordable housing element was, however, reiterated.

RESOLVED: that planning permission be granted in accordance with the application form and location plan submitted on 5th May 2005, the Architectural and Design Code received on 27th January 2006 and the revised Master Plan site layout (yet to be received) subject to:-

- (a) the application being referred to the Secretary of State under the Town and Country Planning (Residential Development on Greenfield Land) (England) Direction 2000;
- (b) the satisfactory receipt of the revised Master Plan site layout, the withdrawal of the objection submitted by Natural England with regard to protected species and of the objection from the Environment Agency;
- (c) in the event that the Secretary of State does not wish to intervene, the following matters including the applicant entering into an agreement under Section 106 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) and the formulation of conditions for inclusion in any permission be delegated to the Head of Development and Building Control in consultation with the relevant portfolio holders, Chairman of the Area West Committee and ward members;
- (d) the Section 106 agreement including terms relating to the phasing of the development and the payment of contributions to cover the elements set out in the agenda report specifically relating to:-
 - highway infrastructure, both on site and off site works;
 - public open space and play facilities, and future management;
 - education facilities;
 - public transport and travel plan and a management plan for cycleways and footpaths;
 - an appropriate level of affordable housing;
 - strategic landscaping and future management;
 - strategic drainage and future management;
 - ecological mitigation measures and green bridge provision.

(9 in favour, 0 against).

(Stephen Belli, Planning Team Leader – Holyrood – (01935) 462464) (stephen.belli@southsomerset.gov.uk)

Supplemental Report in Relation to Planning Application: 05/00661/OUT

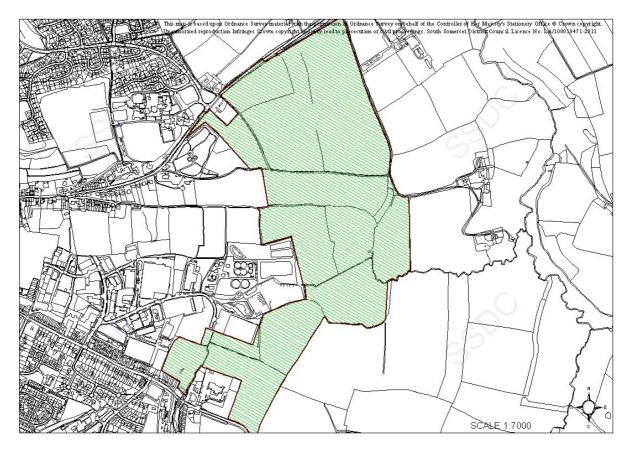
Strategic Director: Rina Singh (Place and Performance)

Assistant Director: Martin Woods (Economy)

Service Manager: David Norris, Development Manager Lead Officer: Adrian Noon, Area Lead North/East

Contact Details: adrian.noon@southsomerset.gov.uk or 01935 462370

Proposal :	Comprehensive mixed use development for 525 dwellings, employment (B1, B2, B8) primary school, community facilities, playing fields, parkland, P.O.S. structural landscaping and associated infrastructure including link road and highway improvements. GR (345354/109767)				
Site Address:	Crewkerne Key Site – Land East of Crewkerne Between A30 (Yeovil Road) And A356 (Dorchester Road)				
Parish:	Crewkerne				
CREWKERNE TOWN	Mr G S Clarke (Cllr) M Best (Cllr) Ms A M Singleton (Cllr)				
Ward Members					
Recommending Case	Adrian Noon				
Officer:	Tel: 01935 462370 Email: adrian.noon@southsomerset.gov.uk				
Target date:	4th August 2005				
Applicant:	Taylor Wimpey UK Ltd				
Agent:	Origin3				
Application Type:	Major Other f/space 1,000 sq.m or 1 ha+				



Purpose of the Report

To update members on the progress of the planning application for the development of the Keysite at Crewkerne, known as the CLR site and to seek support for the conclusion of the negotiation of planning obligations prior to the formal determination of the application at a later date.

It is not the purpose of this report to set out the basis for the determination of this application nor is it intended to invite members to review the detail or impact of the development, the supporting information, detailed on site proposals (such as the Masterplan, the dormouse bridge or road layout) or the previous resolution to approve the application. It is simply to provide an opportunity for members, who have previously provided input, to steer officers in the negotiation of the final package of planning obligations. The report will lay out the current offer; identify the areas to be resolved; set out a recommended way forward and, on a without prejudice basis, seek members support to continue negotiations to finalise the details of the section 106 agreement that would deliver the obligations.

This would give both officers and the applicant clarity as to the Council's expectations for this important development in Crewkerne. Subsequently the application would be referred back to Area West Committee with a detailed report for formal determination when members will be able to consider all relevant issues, including whether there have been any material changes to circumstance, the supporting information, detailed on site proposals, including the Masterplan, the dormouse bridge and road layout, and conditions. At that stage the detail of the obligations would be formally considered.

Recommendations

- (1) That members note the progress to date;
- (2) that members confirm their support for the position officers propose to take in relation to the outstanding matters.

Background

At a special meeting of the Area West Committee on 1 November 2006 members unanimously resolved that application 05/00661/OUT be approved subject to:-

- referral to the Secretary of State
- the resolution of objections raised by the Environment Agency and Natural England and the submission of a revised Masterplan
- the agreement of planning obligations under a Section 106 Agreement

with the S106 agreement and conditions to be "delegated to the Head of Development and Building Control in consultation with the relevant portfolio holders, Chairman of the Area West Committee and ward members".

The application was referred to the Secretary of State who raised no objection to the approval of this application. The revised Masterplan was received and accords with officers' expectations and the Environment Agency's objections have been addressed in line with the officer's report to Committee. Conditions have been agreed in principle between officers and the applicant.

Unfortunately there have been substantial delays in resolving Natural England's objections with regard to the impact on dormice and in agreeing the package of obligations. However, following input from the Council's ecologist, Natural England and the District Valuer substantial progress has now been made with the applicant providing a detailed dormouse mitigation strategy that includes a 'dormouse bridge' over the new link road. A detailed package of planning obligations has been tabled, which generally reflects the current viability of the scheme as agreed by the District Valuer.

The dormouse mitigation measures are acceptable to Natural England and the Council's ecologist and the planning obligations have been subject to detailed discussions, including a member's workshop and a meeting convened under the Council's Planning Obligations Protocol. These discussions have guided negotiations to date and have resulted in the applicants revising their offer to reflect the priorities identified.

The Current Situation

With the dormouse mitigation measures now agreed and a revised package of planning obligations offered, the outstanding issues solely relate to the detail of the obligations and the mechanism for review.

The current offer reflects the District Valuer's advice that, in the current market, the development, including the provision of the link road, the school site, landscaped areas and employment land (as per allocation KS/CREW/1 in the local plan) is only viable with 17.5% affordable houses (all for rent) and c. £8.6m towards planning obligations. Included within this figure is an allowance for an enhanced use of natural stone to meet the findings of the Enquiry by Design conducted at the allocation stage.

The original expectation was for 35% affordable houses and c. £15.3m for planning obligations. Whilst the reductions are disappointing, the advice of the District Valuer cannot reasonably be ignored; he does however urge that the Council seek to agree 'overage' clauses in the Section 106 agreement to enable future review of later phases on the development in light of prevailing market conditions.

The following table, which is provided for information, sets out the current offer against the initially requested obligations. Its inclusion is to inform members of the progress of negotiations, and it is not intended that members seek to debate the detail.

		S.106 contributions originally sought		Initial S106 offer (as considered by the DV)		Current S106 offer	
Affordable Housing		35%		17.5%		17.5%*(1)	
						· ,	
Highways Contributions							
Town Centre Improvement	£	100,000					
Public Transport/ Travel plans	£	375,624			£	300,000	
Off site Traffic Calming	£	335,624	£	335,624	£	335,624	
Education*(2)							
First School Contribution	£	919,275			£	2,000,000*(3)	
2 temporary classrooms @ £120,000	£	240,000					
Pre-school provision Contribution	£	196,112					
Middle School Contribution	£	921,780					
College Contribution	£	1,071,202					
On-site Leisure/Recreation Contributions							
On-site LEAP & NEAP	£	182,702	£	182,702	£	182,702	
Community Hall Contribution	£	1,000,000					
Strategic Landscaping/Woodland Planting	£	120,000					
Commuted sums to above	£	400,000					
POS/woodland planting as per Masterplan	£	2,150,000	£	2,150,000	£	950,000*(4)	
Commuted sum	£	527,000	£	527,000			
Works/Landscaping at site entrance					£	550,744*(5)	
Off-site Leisure/Recreation Contributions							
Playing Pitches	£	265,000					
Floodlights	£	40,000					
Changing Rooms	£	599,333			£	260,000	
Skate Park	£	97,000			L	260,000	
Swimming Pools	£	133,354					
Sports Hall	£	252,934					
Other Contributions			\perp				
School site set up costs	£	210,467	£	210,467	£	210,467	
Ecology - Dormice Mitigation	£	462,134	£	491,095	£	491,095	
Ecology - Badger protection works	£	35,000	£	35,000	£	35,000	
Use of Natural Stone	£	4,683,000*(6)	£	4,683,000*(6)	£	2,740,500*(7)	
TOTAL	£	15,317,541	£	8,614,888	£	8,056,132	

^{*(1) 17.5%} to be averaged across the development with 15% in the 1st phase (200 houses) and 19% over second phase (325 houses).

- *(2) Updated figures provided by SCC, 23/07/10
- *(3) As agreed by SCC and to be designed to facilitate dual use of hall for community use
- *(4) As agreed with Landscape Architect
- *(5) Applicants advise that this was originally included in the £2.15m for Strategic Landscaping/Woodland Planting
- *(6) Cost originally attributed by applicant and included in Build Costs considered by the DV
- *(7) Reflects reduced use of natural stone following discussions with conservation manager

To address comments offered at the member's workshop and the planning obligations meeting the package of obligations has been 'balanced' by a review of the level of use of natural stone and the landscape planting. This has released £2,591,756, which has been reallocated to education (£2.0m), public transport/travel plans (£300k) and off-site leisure/recreation facilities (£260k). There is however a shortfall of £558,756 compared to the initial offer considered by the District Valuer when formulating his opinion that the scheme is viable with 17.5% affordable housing with £8.6m towards mitigation measures.

The developer has withdrawn the £527,000 initially offered as a commuted sum towards the maintenance of the public open space/woodland planting, which would be maintained by a management company along with all other open space areas (the LEAP and NEAP, the strategic planting, the attenuation areas and the dormouse bridge) for which no commuted sum has been advanced.

Areas to be Resolved

- The shortfall in planning obligations of £558,756 is attributable to the withdrawal of the £527,000 (commuted sum) and £31,756, which appears to be missing from the equation. Given the District Valuer's advice this must be accounted for. The applicant contends that the £527,000 would be used as 'seed' money to prime the management company, however no evidence has been provided to demonstrate that this would be necessary. The missing £31,756 needs to be accounted for.
- Members have indicated that the £100,000 initially sought for town centre improvements is vital. This needs to be provided for.
- The landscape architect has advised the applicant's agents that their costings for the POS/woodland planting should allow for works to existing hedges/trees. A modest sum in the region of £50,000 is suggested.
- The £550,744 for works at the site entrance (off the A30) has only recently been separated out of the POS/Woodland planting budget, whilst it may be reasonable it has not been scrutinised.
- The allowance for £2,740,500 for use of natural stone has not been assessed against the recommendations of the Enquiry by Design. The conservation manager is of the opinion that there may be scope for a further reduction in its use whilst still complying with the Enquiry.
- Whilst the proposed dormouse bridge would ensure that the 'favourable conservation status' of this European protected species would be maintained, the

fact remains that the dormouse population that would be affected has not, despite repeated requests by officers, been surveyed. The applicants maintain that there are fundamental difficulties with this, as the land in question (to the west of the site) is in third party ownership and not therefore in the control of the applicant. It has been indicated that they would be willing to make best endeavours to survey the land and devise an alternative strategy if appropriate. Any savings would be used to enhance other obligations.

- The mechanism for review needs to be agreed. The applicants have indicated that two future review points would be acceptable to them, firstly upon submission of the reserved matters for the second phase and secondly three years after the approval of the second phase. Should the entire development be completed within this timescale, this would be acceptable. However it is considered reasonable to assume 525 houses would be built over at least a 5-10 year time scale, if not longer. A more robust review framework is therefore considered necessary.
- The allocation of this site includes the requirement for a connection to be made between the new link road and Blacknell Lane prior to the occupation of the 200th house or within 4 years of commencement. The applicants point out that that this would be funded by the development of the employment land for which there is little current demand in Crewkerne and the provision of this should be tied to the phasing of this part of the site.

This position is not considered unreasonable and it is pointed out that the applicants accept the need to provide the link road prior to the occupation of the 200th house or within 4 years of commencement. This would enable commercial traffic to avoid the town centre.

Suggested Course of Action

- (1) That the shortfall of £558,756 be clarified and any recovered money be allocated to works to existing hedges/trees as part of the POS/woodland planting (£50,000) and any excess be used to uplift the off-site leisure/recreation contribution.
- (2) That £100,000 of the £300,000 proposed for public transport/travel plans be identified for town centre improvements as originally requested.
- (3) That the £550,744 for works at the site entrance be clarified to the satisfaction of the landscape architect and any money recovered be used to uplift the off-site leisure/recreation contribution.
- (4) That the applicant be asked to further clarify the detail of the proposed management regime.
- (5) That the level of use of natural stone be examined by the conservation manager in light of the recommendations of the Enquiry by Design. Any further savings to be used to uplift the off-site leisure/recreation contribution.
- (6) That the applicant be urged to agree to make best endeavours to survey the affected dormouse population prior to the commencement of development. If an alternative strategy is appropriate any savings to be recycled to other obligations which have been reduced.

- (7) That officers negotiate a review mechanism, to be secured by S.106 agreement, based on a three yearly review from occupation of the 200th house.
- (8) That officers agree a phasing plan of the employment area that specifies the timing of the Blacknell Lane link.

Background Papers: Planning Application file 05/00661/OUT

Appendix A – Extract from Minutes of the Area West Committee Meeting – 19th January 2011

111. Supplemental Report in Relation to Planning Application: 05/00661/OUT (Agenda item 12)

The Area Lead North/East summarised the agenda report, which updated members on the progress of the planning application for the development of the key site at Crewkerne and sought support for the conclusion of the negotiation of planning obligations prior to the formal determination of the application at a later date. It was noted that the report provided an opportunity for members to guide officers in the negotiation of the final package of planning obligations. The report set out the current offer, identified the areas to be resolved, set out a recommended way forward and, on a without prejudice basis, sought members' support to continue negotiations to finalise the details of the Section 106 Agreement that would deliver the obligations. It was noted that subsequently the application would be referred back to the Committee with a detailed report for formal determination of all relevant issues.

The Area Lead North/East explained the areas to be resolved and the suggested course of action, details of which were set out in the agenda report. He also indicated that he wished to amend point 7 regarding the negotiation of a review mechanism, which he suggested should be based on a three yearly review from occupation of the 200th house or four years from the occupation of the first house, whichever was the sooner.

The Committee then noted the comments of Mr. H. Best, representing the Council to Protect Rural England (CPRE). He referred to the CPRE never being enthusiastic about the site but accepted that it was in the Local Plan. He compared, however, the earlier planning obligations relating to the site with those now being put forward and commented that it was clear that the developer could not match those elements offered previously. He also felt that there was doubt about the level of sustainability to which the housing should be built. He further commented that it was not known whether dormice existed on the site and could not understand why the developer did not carry out a survey. He felt that a smaller development of better quality and sustainability with more affordable housing should be looked at.

Mr. D. Holmes, who had also submitted representations about the application, referred to the dormouse bridge and questioned whether the foraging areas would remain green in future. He also questioned whether a short tunnel for traffic had been considered, whether the dormice would survive the disturbance created by the development and whether they could be translocated to another area. He also expressed concern about the possibility of people being able to drop things from the bridge.

The Area Lead North/East in responding to comments made referred to the policy expectation of 35% affordable housing and to there always having been a certain amount of doubt as to whether that would be realised in this case. He mentioned, however, that the rental component, which was most needed had been retained. He also referred to the need for substantial development to enable the provision of the link road. He further indicated that the latest Government Direction meant that Building Control, rather than Planning, dealt with the sustainability issues with regard to the housing provision. The Area Lead North/East in referring to comments about dormice mentioned that a tunnel for traffic would be expensive and translocation of the dormice was not supported by the Ecologist. He also indicated that the dormouse bridge had been designed so that people could not get onto it. In referring to the compatibility of dormice with this form of development, he reported that evidence had shown that they were not bothered particularly as long as there was no lighting.

Members considered the areas to be resolved and course of action to be taken in the negotiations to finalise the details of the Section 106 Agreement that would deliver the

Appendix A – Extract from Minutes of the Area West Committee Meeting – 19th January 2011

planning obligations, during which the Development Manager and Area Lead North/East answered members' questions on points of detail. The following points were particularly discussed:-

- reference was made to the highway contributions and the Committee concurred with the comments of a member who suggested that rather than separating the financial contributions between the individual elements (i.e. town centre improvements, public transport/travel plans and off-site traffic calming), a total sum be sought for all the off-site highway contributions;
- in response to a question, the Area Lead North/East reported that the proposed management company would be responsible for the maintenance of the dormouse bridge. A member expressed a number of comments and concerns about how the management company would be set up and operated including, amongst other things, who would be involved, it being suggested that the Town Council should have some form of involvement; the need for Articles of Association; how directors would be appointed; how householders would be charged; what areas would be included within the management company's responsibility and how much money would be needed to set up the management company etc. Reference was also made to it being desirable to have a formal title for the site to give focus for the community. The Area Lead North/East indicated that the issues around the setting up of the management company would be raised with the developer and he hoped to have more details with regard to heads of terms when he next reported to the Committee. Members agreed that more work was needed on this aspect;
- discussion took place on the provisions to be made for dormice and it was commented that the applicant should be required, rather than urged to agree to make best endeavours, to survey the affected dormouse population as an alternative strategy may become available depending on the results of such a survey;
- reference was made to the review mechanism to be applied to the planning obligations and discussion ensued with regard to the most appropriate review period in order to take into account later phases of the development that may take place in a more favourable economic climate. Having given consideration to this matter, members agreed that officers should negotiate a review mechanism based on a three yearly review from the occupation of the first dwelling and every three years or shorter period thereafter;
- the Committee concurred with the comments of a member who, although content to accept 17.5% affordable housing in the current economic circumstances, felt that provision should be made in the Section 106 Agreement to ensure that an uplift in the affordable housing requirement to 35% could be realised if the economic situation improved;
- the reasons for two entrances to the Blacknell Lane employment area was questioned and, if there were only one, whether that would save money and enable the connecting road to the proposed A30/A358 link road to be provided. Members felt that there should be some work done on costings for the Blacknell Lane link. The Area Lead North/East indicated that the cost of the whole connecting road had not been factored in and given the economics of the site the developers would wait for an interested party to come along to provide that element. Comment was expressed that there must be a way that the link could be phased having regard to its cost. The Committee indicated its support for officers to agree a phasing plan of

Appendix A – Extract from Minutes of the Area West Committee Meeting – 19th January 2011

the employment area that specified the timing of the Blacknell Lane link in light of the cost of that link.

RESOLVED: (1) that the progress to date be noted;

- (2) that the following course of action be taken in relation to the outstanding matters:-
 - (i) that the shortfall of £558,756 be clarified and any recovered money be allocated to works to existing hedges/trees as part of the public open space/woodland planting (£50,000) and any excess be used to uplift the off-site leisure/recreation contribution;
 - (ii) that £635,624 be sought for off-site highways contributions to include town centre improvements, public transport/travel plans and off-site traffic calming;
 - (iii) that the £550,744 for works at the site entrance be clarified to the satisfaction of the landscape architect and any money recovered be used to uplift the off-site leisure/recreation contribution;
 - (iv) that the applicant be asked to further clarify the details of all aspects of the proposed management regime;
 - (v) that the level of use of natural stone be examined by the conservation manager in light of the recommendations of the Enquiry by Design. Any further savings to be used to uplift the off-site leisure/recreation contributions;
 - (vi) that the applicant be required to survey the affected dormouse population prior to the commencement of development, subject to the agreement of the relevant landowner. If an alternative strategy is appropriate any savings to be recycled to other obligations, which have been reduced;
 - (vii) that officers negotiate a review mechanism, to be secured by Section 106 Agreement, based on a three yearly review from occupation of the first dwelling and every three years or shorter period thereafter;
 - (viii) although content to accept 17.5% affordable housing in the current circumstances, provision be made in the Section 106 Agreement to ensure that an uplift in the affordable housing requirement to 35% can be realised if the economic situation improves;
 - (ix) that officers agree a phasing plan of the employment area that specifies the timing of the Blacknell Lane link in light of the cost of that link.

(Resolution passed without dissent)

(Adrian Noon, Area Lead North/East – 01935 462370) (adrian.noon@southsomerset.gov.uk)